

DODGE CITY TIMES.

M. B. KLAINE, Editor and Publisher.
DODGE CITY, KANSAS

CURRENT COMMENT.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is four years older than his mother-in-law.

The estate of the late Henry P. Kildner, of Boston, foots up to a valuation of \$2,180,624.

JULES VERNE's wound from the pistol-shot of his insane nephew still keeps him confined to his bed.

ELIZABETH CHURCH has voted the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher leave of absence so that he can take a trip to Europe.

A NUMBER of ladies have been arrested at LACONIA, N. H., charged with stealing memorial offerings from the Union cemetery.

THE statistics of German exports from January to April, inclusive, indicate a large increase in the exportation of textile fabrics, hardware and machinery.

THE Beech Creek, Clearfield & Southwestern railroad was sold recently at Clearfield, Pa., to W. K. Vanderbilt, C. C. Clarke, George F. Boer, J. M. Gazzan and C. J. Langdon for \$1,300,000, subject to a mortgage held by the Union Trust Company, of New York, for \$500,000.

THE remains of an immense mastodon have been found by some ditchers in a marsh, located eight miles south of Elkhart, Ind. One piece of shoulder blade weighed over forty pounds and a tooth, well preserved, weighed four pounds and a half. The frontal bone measured three feet in width, and a piece of the tusk five inches in diameter.

THE following curious dispatch comes from Munich: The Bavarians, having quite made up their minds to get rid of King Louis, are now anxiously discussing ways and means. Meanwhile the King has withdrawn from the vulgar gaze and barred out his ministers, who have lately been permitted to communicate with his Majesty through the royal hair-dresser.

At a recent meeting of the Chicago Council Mayor Harrison vetoed the ordinance passed immediately after the Haymarket massacre providing for the addition of fifty men to the police force. The Mayor held that there were no funds available for the payment of the new men. He also declared that recent events had shown there was no necessity for the appointment of additional police.

A NEAT scheme of confidence men fled at Mattoon, Ill., recently. They gained the confidence of John Sawyer, a wealthy farmer, who drew a three thousand dollar prize in his scheme. To get this sum it was necessary to produce fifteen hundred dollars. Sawyer was about to borrow this amount at the bank, when friendly advice prevailed and saved the money. Officers made diligent search for the sharpers, but failed to capture them.

So far as examined the books of the suspended Merchants' National Bank, of Peoria, Ill., show that J. Finlay Hoke, late book-keeper, and now sojourning in Canada, has succeeded in stealing \$180,000 of the bank's money, and it is believed when the examination is concluded it will be found to be \$200,000. The bank officials say that Hoke must have simply stolen money from the counter and drawers and fixed his books accordingly.

THE bill introduced by Senator Beck to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either house to accept employment as attorney at law or payment for services of any kind from any railroad company or any officer or agent thereof, which obtained its charter or any grants of land or pecuniary aid from the United States. Violations of its provisions is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars, or imprisonment not more than one year.

ABOUT one thousand circulars announcing the President's marriage were sent out from the White House by mail, messenger and otherwise. They are exceedingly simple, plainly engraved in heavy lines on a full sheet of fine note paper. They read as follows: "Mr. Grover Cleveland and Miss Frances Folsom, married, on Wednesday, June 2, 1886—Executive Mansion, Washington." These announcements were sent to members of the Cabinet, Justices of the Supreme Court, Senators, Representatives in Congress, the Diplomatic Corps, Lieutenant General of the Army, Admiral of the Navy and other officials in Washington, and to personal friends of the President and Mrs. Cleveland in Albany and Buffalo.

THE orders of Secretary Lamar suspending entries under the pre-emption and timber culture laws was made, it is reported, after consultation with members of the Committee on Public Lands in both houses of Congress. Bills are now pending in both houses to repeal the pre-emption and timber culture acts. There is an almost unanimous sentiment in both houses of Congress in favor of their repeal, and it is only a question of opportunity. Secretary Lamar having learned that a great many pre-emption and timber culture entries were being made in order to anticipate the repeal of the laws he decided to suspend them until the end of the session, when, if the laws are not repealed, the suspension will be revoked.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESSIONAL.

NATURAL house of Congress was in session on the 31st of May. The bill extending the light-house law to letter carriers was passed. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

In the Senate on the 31st, after routine business, Senator Brown spoke against the bankruptcy bill. The Northern Pacific Land Portage bill was then taken up and discussed. The bill was passed by a vote of 54 to 41. The Senate then resumed consideration of the Northern Pacific Land Portage bill. At two o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Several other bills were taken up, but no final action was reached on any. The Supplementary Chinese bill was passed. In the House the Okomogun bill was taken up and further debated in Committee of the Whole. Adjourned without final vote.

NEW YORK business men are agitating in favor of municipal home rule and a practical divorce of city from national politics. Finis in Brimfield, Ill., recently destroyed a hardware and a grocery store, a bank, a church and the post-office, causing a loss of \$50,000.

It was reported probable that Commissioner Spaulding's action in suspending the timber culture laws would be made the subject of a Congressional inquiry. The *Independent*, of Paris, states that it has special advice from Madagascar that the Malagasy have refused to abide by the terms of the treaty made with France and have revolted at Tananarivo and overthrown Premier Rasoanina, who was friendly to France.

A report from Graham County, A. T., says that about 100 White Mountain Apaches have left their reservation and are starting on a raiding tour in Graham and Chase Counties.

The Knights of Labor closed its convention at Cleveland, O., on the 31st. The Parisian, advised from Panama, states that yellow fever is the epidemic on the isthmus. The average daily number of deaths from this disease alone is about forty.

The New York *Daily Commercial Bulletin* estimates of the fire waste in May in the United States and Canada is \$7,000,000 or \$1,000,000 less than the May average for many years.

One of the last official acts of the President previous to his marriage was pardoning B. F. Bigelow, the defaulting teller of the National Bank of the Republic, of Washington. Three years ago Bigelow was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

In the New Jersey House a bill providing for local option throughout the State on the liquor question was defeated by a vote of 21 to 21.

The boiler of local freight engine No. 412 of the Baltimore & Ohio, exploded at Beltsville, Md., recently. Two engineers and a fireman were instantly killed. Considerable damage was done by fragments of the exploding boiler.

A PARTY of eight boatmen killed Dr. C. Davis, near Fort Lowell, A. T., recently. The Austro-Hungarian Government crisis has been averted by a compromise, an agreement having been reached to reconsider the subject of petroleum duties.

The demands of the 2,000 brickmakers of Allegheny County, Pa., for an advance of 30 per cent. have been granted and the threatened strike averted.

The Highland Reform League, at a meeting held in Glasgow, adopted resolutions favoring home rule for Scotland and the establishment of a separate Scotch Legislature.

A LARGE number of Orangemen attacked a body of Catholic laborers near Belfast, Ireland, recently, injuring thirty of them. The riot was caused by an attack on some Loyalists previously. Considerable excitement was reported.

A TERRIBLE conflagration was reported at Scotland, Pa., on the morning of the 31st that threatened destruction to the whole town. The buildings were mostly frame.

The North Atlantic squadron has been ordered to visit the fisheries to help allay the existing troubles with Canada.

The eruption of Mount Etna has ceased, and the town of Nicolosi is safe.

At Venice on the 4th there were thirty-two new cases of cholera and thirty-one deaths, while at Florence two cases were reported.

BUSINESS failures for seven days ended June 3 numbered: For the United States, 100; Canada, 25; total, 125. Failures the previous week numbered 120.

At Cummins, near Chicago, on the Rock Island road, on the 4th, some two thousand of the rail strikers' wives and children blockaded the track so that traffic was completely stopped. When the track was cleared a new difficulty arose in the refusal of train hands to move "scab" rails.

One person was killed and fourteen injured by an accident on the railway between Valparaiso and Santiago, Chile, recently.

M. DEFRUITS, leader of the socialists in Brussels, has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment and fined \$1,250 for exciting to riot and insulting the King in a pamphlet entitled "The People's Catechism."

SALLY, Iowa, was badly scorched by fire, recently. The Union hotel was destroyed. Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$30,000.

The family of Winfield Scott, at Athens, O., were poisoned recently after eating strawberries. One child died.

DIPHTHERIA has assumed epidemic proportions at Checos, McLean County, Ill.

FOUR business houses were destroyed by an incendiary fire at Allendale, Ill., recently.

A RECENT dispatch from Miles City, Mont., says: The Cheyennes have all gone to Tongue river, where, at the mouth of Cook creek, they are engaged in the bar-bare and bloody orgies of the sun dance, in which novitiates and young warriors and braves by the ordeal of torture.

The funeral of John Kelly, the Tammany chief, took place from St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, on the morning of the 31st. Another Orange-Catholic row took place in Belfast on the 6th, caused by the funeral of Curran, who lost his life in the previous riot.

Clearing house returns for week ended June 5 showed an average increase of 15.3 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 23.1.

ANOTHER general tie-up on the New York and Brooklyn street car lines took place on the 5th.

The Senate, on the 5th, had an animated discussion over the recent order of the Land Office forbidding entries under the pre-emption and timber culture laws. The Committee on Pacific railroads had the attention of the House.

SECRETARY MANNING bore his recent journey to Hot Springs, Va., remarkably well and suffered no fatigue from the trip, which included a carriage ride of twenty miles after leaving the train, and his health was reported improving.

JOHN O'BRIEN, a second timer, killed Asa K. Parks, another convict, with a shovel at the Joliet (Ill.) penitentiary recently.

At Oshkosh, Wis., the other night, a fire destroyed the entire lumber yards of the Diamond Match Company, Stanshiser, Ames & Co., and Oshkosh Match Company. Loss, \$40,000; no insurance.

OVER 100 convicts in the penitentiary at Joliet, Ill., were confirmed by Archbishop Feehan recently.

The British Columbia Express Company's stage was stopped on the Cariboo road, near Victoria, B. C., recently, by three highwaymen, who seized the treasure, but in the hurry overlooked a money bag, amounting to \$10,000.

The jury in the Freller murder case convicted Maxwell of murder in the first degree at St. Louis on the 5th.

A SERRAL from Red Fork, in the Indian Territory, says that two Seminole Indians who were arrested some days ago for assaulting a woman, were taken from the jail and lynched by the Indians.

The British House of Commons has agreed by a vote of 115 to 79 to the amendment of Sunday sale of liquor bill providing for the closing of public houses Sunday throughout England except in London and its suburbs.

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

A YOUNG colored man named Eli Wallace died at Topeka recently from the effects of a wound received at a festival a few nights previous. At the festival a quarrel arose between young Wallace, who was half-white, and a notorious tough named Fatty Crum. The latter picked up a stone and threw it at Wallace, inflicting a very ugly wound in the head, from which he died as soon as Crum heard of the death of his victim he skipped.

THE Kansas Farmer recently presented a report of the condition of crops, stock and the weather in Kansas on the 24th day of May. The report was made up of brief letters from nearly a hundred correspondents, farmers in different counties of the state, all practical men, writing what they knew. From this it appears that what is in about the same condition reported a month ago only further along in growth. Harvest will commence in some of the southern counties about the 10th inst., and the aggregate crop will amount to about twenty-five per cent. of that harvested in 1884. Try and which bugs are doing damage in a few localities. The spring was in first-class condition, the ground clean and the stand generally good. The height is reported six to fifteen inches and much of it is already worked twice. Oats is not good and in some places it is an entire failure on account of the dry weather. It is doubtful if more than fifty per cent. of the acreage sown will be harvested, and that will not equal fifty per cent. of a good yield. Grasses are in good condition, red clover, orchard grass and alfalfa in the lead. Small fruits are generally abundant and of extra quality. It is not yet known if the cholera has some lingering cases of cholera among hogs and a little black leg in one county. Excepting wheat and oats the outlook is good. Late rains have done much good to the growing crops.

THE President has vetoed the bill granting a pension to John S. Williams, of Tate, and has appointed a special commission to investigate the case of William Belknap, of Emporia; Henry Shirley, of Rantoul; J. H. Thornberry, of Omo, and John L. Bruce, of Lawrence.

A POST-office has been established at Taloga, Norton County, with Franklin Beam as postmaster.

THE Prohibition State Convention has been called to meet at Emporia on July 13 and 14 for the purpose of nominating a full State ticket.

THE Republican county convention of Lawrence County elected Henry Booth and Hon. W. C. Edwards as delegates, and Judge J. C. Strang and Hon. J. W. Rush as alternates, to the State Convention at Topeka, July 7, 1886, and adopted a resolution instructing delegates to vote for all honorables to secure the nomination of T. M. McCarthy to the position of State Auditor.

A KANSAS State Sportsman Association was formed recently at Leavenworth, and committees were appointed to report a constitution and by-laws at the next tournament, which will take place in Atchison in October.

A YOUNG man named Walker walked out of the window of his bedroom in Leavenworth the other night while asleep, falling from the second story to the ground, where he was picked up in an insensible condition, having sustained serious injuries.

A NEW took place at the Seventh street bridge in Leavenworth the other evening, when three negroes and two negroes were badly hurt. Three negroes were engaged in a fight, and Officers Patterson, Morrill and Martin were detailed to arrest them. On reaching the scene the negroes attacked the officers with clubs and stones, inflicting severe wounds on the arm of Officer Patterson. Officer Martin was severely wounded on the head and Officer Morrill was slightly beaten over the head and face, and was in a precarious condition. The officers succeeded in knocking one of the negroes down and badly wounding another. Aid was secured and two of the negroes arrested. The third made his escape.

THE newly-appointed officers of Lane County are: County clerk, J. T. Smith; county commissioners, Joshua Wheatcroft, J. J. Shearer, George H. Steele. The population as determined by the census taken is 5,735 and the total property valuation is \$78,543. Dighton was designated as the temporary county seat.

A BASE-ball contest between the Fats and Leans, of Topeka, netted \$51.40 for charity.

A TOPEKA man by the name of Travis Wilson is likely to get into trouble by marrying in that city while he had another living wife in Kentucky; that is if the Kentucky woman's story is true.

A MAN named Robinson was recently killed by lightning in the southern part of Finney County.

MISS JESSIE, daughter of J. H. Lyon, Western passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific railway, died suddenly at her father's residence in Leavenworth the other morning. She was in her twentieth year, and graduated with honors from the high school last June.

A KANSAS man, who has tried it, gives the following as a cure for a rattlesnake bite: As soon as possible after being bitten get a number of the leaves of the ordinary flat cactus, or prickly pear, split the leaf and apply the raw side to the wound, substitute a new leaf for the old one every fifteen minutes, and in the course of from three to six hours you will be entirely relieved of all effects of the bite.

BUGLARS recently entered Stalger's butcher shop at Leavenworth, worked a long time at the safe, which they finally blew open, but found only thirty dollars, which they carried off.

SOUTH TOPEKA recently petitioned to be declared a city of the second class. The petition declared that E. B. Lull had been appointed census taker and that he had found the city had a population of 2,198. As this was 193 over the requisite number the Governor immediately issued his proclamation declaring South Topeka a city of the second class.

LANE County has been organized.

SOME time ago William Bryson, in the vicinity of Dexter, stole a horse from a man by the name of Constantine, in the same community. Bryson went to the Territory as soon as he committed the theft and traded the animal off. Some time ago he stole several other horses from a ranch in the Territory. He was followed by a posse, captured and hanged.

THE Topeka "Fats" recently played a game of base ball with the "Leans" in order to identify the players the Fats wore white caps and the Leans close-fitting skull caps. The proceeds were donated to charity.

DECORATION DAY was generally observed throughout the State.

THE sheriff of Clay County recently attempted to arrest J. H. McAtee, of Morganville, on a warrant charging him with forgery, when the man drew a revolver. The sheriff was ready and two shots were fired when the men were but a few feet apart, but neither took effect. McAtee reformed his horse and escaped.

THE massive walls of the State Reformatory at Hutchinson are said to be looming up. The second story walls of this great building will soon be completed, and can be seen at a long distance from every point of approach.

ANNA BERRY, aged one year, was swimming in a pond late in the afternoon the other day and was drowned.

A PASTORAL LETTER.

From the Archbishop and Bishop of Milwaukee on the subject of Parochial Schools and the Relations of Capital and Labor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 3.—The pastoral letter of the Archbishop and Bishop of the Catholic province of this city, assembled in the First Provincial Council, in the faith in their charge, has been made public. It deduces the position of the church upon the school question and capital and labor. On the former the letter says:

Parochial schools have been one of the principal subjects of deliberation in the Third Provincial Council. It will be our duty to enforce the rule, that within a certain time, to be determined in accordance with local circumstances, each Catholic parish must have its Catholic school. The school should not neglect this sacred duty would certainly be unworthy of its position, and a congregation could not hope to enjoy worthily the fullness of the sacraments which it must care to secure for its own children.

On the subject of capital and labor the letter says:

We have, indeed, a sacred duty to fulfill toward our fellow citizens as witnesses of God's truth in our midst. Here human weakness will ever prove unable to solve permanently and satisfactorily the social problems which on all sides are crowding in upon us. The Church of God alone with unerring because assisted, judgment can guide society through the labyrinth of passion and selfishness into the serene regions of justice and charity. The question which to-day we want of capital and labor is the old difference emphasized in the gospel between the rich and the poor. "Woe to the rich and blessed the poor" are the words which are published by the Divine Judge, who shall come to render absolute justice to those who have trusted in His absolute law. For when capitalists follow the heathen rule to buy labor in the cheapest market, God is not with them, and when laborers imagine that all men should have an equal share in the commonwealth and enjoy the fruits of the earth, they are in error. Divine Providence has ruled otherwise.

Industry and sobriety have always proved more profitable to human nature and to society than wealth and extravagance. To commit an injustice is always an evil, to suffer it may be turned into a blessing. Retaliation is never allowed; but the Church has during the middle ages taught workmen and employers alike that they should be just to each other. The condition of things would improve very soon, were the rich to meditate upon the rule, "With what measure ye have measured, shall be measured to you again," Matt. vii, 2; and were the poor to follow the advice, "Seek ye first the kingdom of God and His justice and all things shall be added unto you," Luke xvi, 31.

AN IMPASSABLE BARRIER.

Faction of Strikers' Wives and Children in Chicago to Prevent the Movement of Trains.

CHICAGO, June 5.—At ten o'clock yesterday morning an engine of the R. T. road was sent to Cummings to attempt to move the four cars loaded with rails made by new men. The removal was prevented by the wives and families of former employees, assembled around the terminus of the railroad tracks. When the engine approached there was a rush to where the loaded cars were standing. Mothers gripped the rails, and the living, breathing obstacle on the track, reversed and returned to South Chicago.

Then the women dispersed, and on their return jeered and abused the representatives of the company at the railroad's gate, calling them scoundrels and oppressors names, the police by their presence only preventing the infliction of violence by the infuriated women.

At two o'clock, when the engine appeared again, fully two thousand women and children were assembled on